# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# FORM 10-Q (Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

**Commission File Number 001-40885** 

# LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Cayman Islands** 

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

98-1583469

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

11755 Wilshire Blvd. Suite 2320

Los Angeles, California 90025 (Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(424) 324-2990

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

N/A

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Units, each consisting of one Class A Ordinary Share, \$0.0001 par value, and one-half of one redeemable warrant	LCW.U	The New York Stock Exchange
Class A Ordinary Shares included as part of the units	LCW	The New York Stock Exchange
Warrants included as part of the units, each whole warrant exercisable for one Class A Ordinary Share at an exercise price of \$11.50	LCW.WS	The New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  $\boxtimes$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (Section 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  $\boxtimes$  No  $\square$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	$\boxtimes$	Smaller reporting company	$\boxtimes$
		Emerging growth company	$\boxtimes$

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.  $\Box$ 

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes 🗵 No 🗆

As of December 1, 2023, there were 9,338,421 of the registrant's Class A ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, and 5,750,000 of the registrant's Class B ordinary shares, par value \$0.0001 per share, issued and outstanding.

# LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION TABLE OF CONTENTS

# PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item I. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	1
Condensed Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2023 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2022	1
Unaudited Condensed Statements of Operations for the Three and Nine Months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022	2
Unaudited Condensed Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficit for the Three and Nine Months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022	3
Unaudited Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the Nine Months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022	4
Notes to Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited)	5
Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	21
Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK	27
Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES	27
PART II - OTHER INFORMATION	28
Item 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS	28
Item 1A. RISK FACTORS	28
Item 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS	29
Item 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES	29
Item 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES	29
Item 5. OTHER INFORMATION	29
Item 6. EXHIBITS	30
SIGNATURES	31

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS		eptember 30, 2023 (Unaudited)	D	ecember 31, 2022
Current Assets:				
Cash	\$	31,636	\$	748,857
Prepaid Expenses		71,886		581,408
Total Current Assets		103,522		1,330,265
Assets Held in Trust		245,076,817		235,578,275
Total Assets	\$	245,180,339	\$	236,908,540
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	2,923,095	\$	1,041,776
Total Current Liabilities	Ŷ	2,923,095	Ψ	1,041,776
Deferred underwriter's fee payable		—		9,780,500
Convertible Note – related party		1,278,000		1,050,000
Warrant liability		559,380		1,118,760
Total Liabilities		4,760,475		12,991,036
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 6)				
Class A Ordinary Shares; 23,000,000 shares at redemption value		245,076,817		235,578,275
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Preferred shares, \$0.0001 par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding		_		_
Class A ordinary shares, \$0.0001 par value; 200,000,000 shares authorized; none outstanding (excluding 23,000,000 subject to possible redemption) at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022		_		_
Class B ordinary shares, \$0.0001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 5,750,000 shares issued and outstanding at September 30,				
2023 and December 31, 2022		575		575
Additional paid in capital		—		—
Accumulated deficit		(4,657,528)		(11,661,346)
Total Shareholders' Deficit		(4,656,953)		(11,660,771)
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficit	\$	245,180,339	\$	236,908,540

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

1

## LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)

		For the Three I Septem			For the Nine M Septem	 
	2023 2022				2023	2022
Formation costs and other operating expenses	\$	1,865,316	\$	393,261	\$ 2,646,437	\$ 1,475,574
Loss from operations		(1,865,316)		(393,261)	(2,646,437)	(1,475,574)
Other income (expense):						
Interest income on trust account		3,603,790		1,126,792	8,808,542	1,284,178
Interest income on cash account		—		_	375	_
Gain on settlement of deferred underwriting fees		556,743		—	556,743	—
Change in fair value of warrant liability		_		(559,380)	 559,380	 7,486,984
Net income	\$	2,295,217	\$	174,151	\$ 7,278,603	\$ 7,295,588
Weighted average shares outstanding of Class A ordinary shares		23,000,000		23,000,000	 23,000,000	 23,000,000
Basic and diluted net income per share, Class A ordinary shares	\$	0.08	\$	0.01	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.25
Weighted average shares outstanding of Class B ordinary shares		5,750,000		5,750,000	 5,750,000	 5,750,000
Basic and diluted net income per share, Class B ordinary shares	\$	0.08	\$	0.01	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.25

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

## LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

	Class B Ord Shares	inary	y Shares Amount	Additional Paid in Capital	Accumulated Deficit			hareholders' Deficit
Balance – January 1, 2023	5,750,000	\$	575	\$ -	\$	(11,661,346)	\$	(11,660,771)
Accretion of Class A shares to redemption value	-		-	-		(2,460,924)		(2,460,924)
Net income	-		-	-		2,853,719		2,853,719
Balance – March 31, 2023	5,750,000	\$	575	\$ -	\$	(11,268,551)	\$	(11,267,976)
Accretion of Class A shares to redemption value	-		-	-		(2,743,828)		(2,743,828)
Net income	-		-	-		2,129,667		2,129,667
Balance – June 30, 2023	5,750,000	\$	575	\$ -	\$	(11,882,712)	\$	(11,882,137)
Accretion of Class A shares to redemption value			_	 -		(4,293,790)		(4,293,790)
Gain on settlement of underwriting fees	-		-	-		9,223,757		9,223,757
Net income	-		-	-		2,295,217		2,295,217
Balance – September 30, 2023	5,750,000	\$	575	\$ -	\$	(4,657,528)	\$	(4,656,953)

# FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	Class B Ord	linary	y Shares	Additional Paid in			ccumulated	S	hareholders'	
	Shares		Amount		Capital		Deficit	Deficit		
Balance – January 1, 2022	5,750,000	\$	575	\$	-	\$	(18,274,560)	\$	(18,273,985)	
Net income	-		-		-		3,189,804		3,189,804	
Balance – March 31, 2022	5,750,000	\$	575	\$	-	\$	(15,084,756)	\$	(15,084,181)	
Accretion of Class A shares to redemption value	-		-		-		(161,098)		(161,098)	
Net income	-		-		-		3,931,633		3,931,633	
Balance – June 30, 2022	5,750,000	\$	575	\$	-	\$	(11,314,221)	\$	(11,313,646)	
Accretion of Class A shares to redemption value	-		-		-		(1,126,792)		(1,126,792)	
Net income	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		-		174,151		174,151	
Balance – September 30, 2022	5,750,000	\$	575	\$	-	\$	(12,266,862)	\$	(12,266,287)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

# LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2023	For the nine months ended September 30, 2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		<b>.</b>
Net income	\$ 7,278,603	\$ 7,295,588
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	(0.000.542)	(1.304.170)
Interest earned on marketable securities held in Trust Account	(8,808,542)	(1,284,178)
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(559,380)	(7,486,984)
Gain on settlement of deferred underwriting fees	(556,743)	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	500 522	404 271
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued expenses	509,522 1,881,319	494,271 535,645
Net cash used in operating activities	(255,221)	(445,658)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Cash deposited into Trust Account	\$ (690,000)	s —
Net cash used in investing activities	(690,000)	÷
iver cash used in investing activities	(070,000)	
Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
Proceeds from convertible note – related party	\$ 228,000	\$ 1,050,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	228,000	1,050,000
Freedom Branning and the second	,	
Net Change in Cash	(717,221)	604,342
Cash – Beginning of the period	748,857	237,363
Cash – End of the period	\$ 31,636	\$ 841,705
-		
Non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Accretion of Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption	\$ 9,498,542	\$ 1,287,890
Gain on settlement of underwriting fees	9,223,757	<u></u> _
	,225,151	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed financial statements.

## LEARN CW INVESTMENT CORPORATION NOTES TO CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2023 (Unaudited)

#### Note 1 - Description of Organization and Business Operations

Learn CW Investment Corporation (the "Company") is a blank check company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on February 2, 2021. The Company was formed for the purpose of effectuating a merger, capital stock exchange, asset acquisition, stock purchase, reorganization or other similar business combination with one or more businesses (the "Business Combination"). The Company is an early stage and emerging growth company and, as such, the Company is subject to all of the risks associated with early stage and emerging growth companies.

As of September 30, 2023, the Company had not yet commenced any operations. All activity through September 30, 2023 relates to the Company's formation, and the initial public offering (the "Initial Public Offering") and identifying a target for a Business Combination. The Company will not generate any operating revenues until after the completion of its initial Business Combination, at the earliest. The Company generates non-operating income in the form of interest income from the proceeds derived from the Initial Public Offering. The Company has selected December 31 as its fiscal year end.

The registration statement for the Company's Initial Public Offering was declared effective on October 7, 2021. On October 13, 2021 the Company consummated the Initial Public offering of 23,000,000 units (the "Units"), which included 3,000,000 units issued pursuant to the exercise by the underwriter of its over-allotment option. Each Unit consists of one Class A ordinary share of the Company, \$0.0001 par value per share (the "Class A ordinary shares"), and one-half of one redeemable warrant of the Company (the "Public Warrants"), each whole Public Warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one Class A ordinary share at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share. The Units were sold at an offering price of \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$230,000,000.

Substantially concurrently with the closing of the IPO, the Company completed the private sale of 7,146,000 warrants (the "Private Placement Warrants") to the Company's sponsor, CWAM LC Sponsor LLC (the "Sponsor"), at a purchase price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, generating gross proceeds to the Company of \$7,146,000.

Following the closing of the Initial Public Offering on October 13, 2021, an amount of \$232,300,000 (\$10.10 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and the Private Placement Warrants was placed in a trust account ("Trust Account") which may be invested in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"), with a maturity of 180 days or less or in any openended investment company that holds itself out as a money market fund selected by the Company meeting the conditions of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the consummation of a Business Combination or (ii) the distribution of the Trust Account, as described below.

Transaction costs of the Initial Public Offering amounted to \$13,157,186, consisting of \$2,446,000 of underwriting fee, \$9,780,500 of deferred underwriting fee and \$930,686 of other offering costs, with \$781,595 included in accumulated deficit as an allocation for the Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants.

The Company's management has broad discretion with respect to the specific application of the net proceeds of the Proposed Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, although substantially all of the net proceeds are intended to be applied generally toward consummating a Business Combination. The New York Stock Exchange (the "NYSE") rules provide that the Business Combination must be with one or more target businesses that together have a fair market value equal to at least 80% of the balance in the Trust Account (as defined below) (less any deferred underwriting commissions and taxes payable on interest earned on the Trust Account) at the time of the signing of a definitive agreement to enter a Business Combination. The Company will only complete a Business Combination if the post-Business Combination company owns or acquires 50% or more of the outstanding voting securities of the target or otherwise acquires a controlling interest in the target sufficient for it not to be required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "Investment Company Act"). There is no assurance that the Company will be able to successfully effect a Business Combination. Upon the closing of the Proposed Offering, management has agreed that \$10.10 per Unit sold in the Proposed Offering, including the proceeds from the sale of the Private Placement Warrants, will be held in the Trust Account and invested in U.S. government securities, within the meaning set forth in Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the consummation of a Business Combination or (ii) the distribution of the funds in the Trust Account to the Company Act, as determined by the Company, until the earlier of: (i) the consummation of a Business Combination or (ii) the distribution of the funds in the Trust Account to the Company's shareholders, as described below.

The Company will provide its holders of the outstanding Class A ordinary shares (the "public shareholders") with the opportunity to redeem all or a portion of their Class A ordinary shares upon the completion of a Business Combination either (i) in connection with a shareholder meeting called to approve the Business Combination or (ii) by means of a tender offer. In connection with a proposed Business Combination, the Company may seek shareholder approval of a Business Combination at a meeting called for such purpose at which shareholders may seek to redeem their shares, regardless of whether they vote for or against a Business Combination. The Company will proceed with a Business Combination only if the Company has net tangible assets of at least \$5,000,001 either immediately prior to or upon such consummation of a Business Combination and, if the Company seeks shareholder approval, a majority of the outstanding shares voted are voted in favor of the Business Combination.

The Company will not redeem Class A ordinary shares in an amount that would cause its net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001 (so that it does not then become subject to the SEC's "penny stock" rules) or any greater net tangible asset or cash requirement that may be contained in the agreement relating to the Business Combination. If the Company seeks shareholder approval of the Business Combination, the Company will proceed with a Business Combination only if the Company receives an ordinary resolution under Cayman Islands law approving a Business Combination, which requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the shareholders who attend and vote at a general meeting of the Company, or such other vote as required by law or stock exchange rule. If a shareholder vote is not required and the Company does not decide to hold a shareholder vote for business or other legal reasons, the Company will, pursuant to its Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association, conduct the redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), and file tender offer documents containing substantially the same information as would be included in a proxy statement with the SEC prior to completing a Business Combination. If the Company seeks shareholder approval in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor has agreed to vote its Founder Shares (as defined in Note 5) and any Class A ordinary shares, without voting, and if they do vote, irrespective of whether they vote for or against a proposed Business Combination.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Company seeks shareholder approval of the Business Combination and the Company does not conduct redemptions pursuant to the tender offer rules, a Public Shareholder, other than SoftBank Group Corp. ("Softbank") (see Note 6), together with any affiliate of such shareholder or any other person with whom such shareholder is acting in concert or as a "group" (as defined under Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")), will be restricted from redeeming its shares with respect to more than an aggregate of 15% of the Class A ordinary shares without the Company's prior written consent.

The Sponsor has agreed (a) to waive its redemption rights with respect to any Founder Shares and Class A ordinary shares held by it in connection with the completion of a Business Combination and (b) not to propose an amendment to the Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association (i) to modify the substance or timing of the Company's obligation to allow redemption in connection with the Company's initial Business Combination or to redeem 100% of the Class A ordinary shares if the Company does not complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period (as defined below) or (ii) with respect to any other provision relating to shareholders' rights or pre-initial Business Combination activity, unless the Company provides the Public Shareholders with the opportunity to redeem their Class A ordinary shares upon approval of any such amendment at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned on the Trust Account and not previously released to pay taxes, divided by the number of then issued and outstanding Class A ordinary shares.

On October 11, 2023, the Public Shareholders of the Company held an extraordinary general meeting (the "Meeting") to approve a proposal to (i) amend the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (the "Charter") to extend to the date by which the Company must consummate an initial business combination (the 'Extension Amendment Proposal") from October 13, 2023 to October 13, 2024, by electing to extend the date to consummate an initial business combination on a monthly basis for up to twelve (12) times by an additional one month each time (as extended, the "Extended Date"), unless the closing of an initial business combination has occurred, provided that the Sponsor (or its affiliates or permitted designees) will deposit into the Trust Account for each such one-month extension period the lesser of (x) \$150,000 or (y) \$0.03 per Public Share that remains outstanding and is not redeemed prior to any such one-month extension, unless the closing of the Business Combination has occurred, which may be made in exchange for a non-interest bearing promissory note payable upon consummation of an initial business combination, (ii) amend the Charter to permit the issuance of Class A ordinary shares to holders of the Class B ordinary shares, upon the exercise of the right of a holder of the Class B ordinary shares to convert such Class B ordinary shares into Class A ordinary shares on a one-for-one basis, at any time and from time to time, prior to the closing of an initial business combination (the "Founder Share Amendment Proposal"), and (iii) amend the Charter to eliminate the limitation that the Company may not redeem Class A ordinary shares in a mount that would cause the Company's net tangible assets to be less than \$5,000,001 (the "Redemption Limitation Proposal"). At the Meeting, the Public Shareholders approved the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Founder Share Amendment Proposal and the Redemption Limitation Proposal.

In connection with the Meeting, shareholders holding 13,661,579 Class A ordinary shares (after giving effect to withdrawals of redemptions) exercised their right to redeem such shares for a pro rata portion of the funds in the Trust Account. As a result, approximately \$145.2 million (approximately \$10.63 per share) was removed from the Trust Account to pay such holders.

If the Company has not completed a Business Combination by the Extended Date, the Company will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but not more than ten business days thereafter, redeem 100% of the Class A ordinary shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, including interest earned and not previously released to us to pay our taxes, if any (less up to \$100,000 of interest to pay dissolution expenses), divided by the number of then issued and outstanding Class A ordinary shares, which redemption will completely extinguish the rights of the Public Shareholders as shareholders (including the right to receive further liquidating distributions, if any), and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the Company's remaining Public Shareholders and its Board of Directors, liquidate and dissolve, subject in each case to the Company's obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of other applicable law. There will be no redemption rights or liquidating distributions with respect to the Company's warrants, which will expire worthless if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period.

The Sponsor has agreed to waive its rights to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to the Founder Shares it will receive if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period. However, if the Sponsor or any of its respective affiliates acquire Class A ordinary shares, such Class A ordinary shares will be entitled to liquidating distributions from the Trust Account if the Company fails to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period.

In order to protect the amounts held in the Trust Account, the Sponsor has agreed that it will be liable to the Company if and to the extent any claims by a third party (other than the Company's independent registered public accounting firm) for services rendered or products sold to the Company, or a prospective target business with which the Company has discussed entering into a transaction agreement, reduce the amount of funds in the Trust Account to below the lesser of (1) \$10.10 per public share and (2) the actual amount per Public Share held in the Trust Account as of the date of the liquidation of the Trust Account, if less than \$10.10 per public share, due to reductions in the value of trust assets, in each case net of the interest that may be withdrawn to pay taxes. This liability will not apply to any claims by a third party who executed a waiver of any and all rights to seek access to the Trust Account and as to any claims under the Company's indemnity of the underwriter of the Initial Public Offering against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"). In the event that an executed waiver is deemed to be unenforceable against a third party, the Sponsor will not be responsible to the extent of any liability for such third-party claims. The Company will seek to reduce the possibility that the Sponsor will have to indemnify the Trust Account due to claims of creditors by endeavoring to have all vendors, service providers (other than the Company's independent registered public accounting firm), prospective target businesses or other entities with which the Company does business, execute agreements with the Company waiving any right, title, interest or claim of any kind in or to monies held in the Trust Account.

## Liquidity, Capital Resources and Going Concern

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company had cash of \$31,636 and \$748,857 held outside of the Trust Account, respectively. Prior to the completion of the Initial Public Offering, the Company's liquidity needs have been satisfied through a payment of certain offering costs of \$25,000 from the Sponsor (see Note 5) for the Founder Shares, and the loan under an unsecured promissory note from the Sponsor of \$300,000 (see Note 5). During 2021 and prior to the Initial Public Offering, the Company drew \$300,000 on the Note, which it paid in October 2021. Subsequent to the consummation of the Initial Public Offering and Private Placement, the Company's liquidity needs have been satisfied from the proceeds from the Initial Public Offering and Private Placement not held in the Trust Account. The Company's Sponsor has undertaken to fund working capital deficiencies of the Company and finance transaction costs in connection with an initial Business Combination of the Company by means of Company working capital loans, as defined below (see Note 5). On May 5, 2022, the Company drew down and received cash proceeds of \$1,050,000 from the Sponsor under the Working Capital Loan arrangement. During the period ended September 30, 2023, the Company has sustained negative cash flows from operations and expects to continue to incur negative cash flows from operations for at least the next twelve months from the filing of this report.

In connection with the Company's assessment of going concern considerations in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standard Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-15, "Disclosures of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern," the Company has until the Extended Date to consummate the proposed Business Combination. It is uncertain that the Company will be able to consummate the proposed Business Combination by this time. If a business combination is not consummated by this date, there will be a mandatory liquidation and subsequent dissolution of the Company. Management has determined that the mandatory liquidation, should a business combination not occur, and potential subsequent dissolution, raises substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for the next twelve months from the issuance of this filing. No adjustments have been made to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities should the Company be required to liquidate after October 13, 2023. The Company intends to complete the proposed Business Combination before the mandatory liquidation date. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to consummate any business combination by the Extended Date.

The Company's evaluation of its working capital, along with, the liquidity condition and date for mandatory liquidation and subsequent dissolution raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern one year from the date that these condensed financial statements are issued. These condensed financial statements do not include any adjustment relating to the recovery of the recorded assets or the classification of the liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for condensed interim financial information and in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Certain information or footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP have been condensed or omitted, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC for interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements include all adjustments, consisting of a normal recurring nature, which are necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, operating results and cash flows for the periods presented.

The accompanying unaudited condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Form 10-K as filed with the SEC on April 18, 2023. The financial information as of December 31, 2022 is derived from the audited financial statements presented in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. The interim results for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the year ended December 31, 2023 or for any future periods.



The Company is an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, the Company, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of the Company's financial statements with another public company, which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

## **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate, could change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ significantly from those estimates.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Company considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. The Company had \$31,636 and \$748,857 of cash as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively, and had no cash equivalents.

#### **Assets Held in Trust Account**

At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, all of the assets held in the Trust Account were invested in U.S. based money market accounts.

## **Income Taxes**

The Company complies with the accounting and reporting requirements of ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes," which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in future taxable or deductible amounts, based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established, when necessary, to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

#### Table of Contents

ASC Topic 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and a measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. For those benefits to be recognized, a tax position must be more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits, if any, as income tax expense. There were no unrecognized tax benefits and no amounts accrued for interest and penalties as of September 30, 2023. The Company is currently not aware of any issues under review that could result in significant payments, accruals or material deviation from its position.

There is currently no taxation imposed on income by the Government of the Cayman Islands. In accordance with Cayman federal income tax regulations, income taxes are not levied on the Company. Consequently, income taxes are not reflected in the Company's financial statements. The Company's management does not expect that the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits will materially change over the next twelve months.

#### **Shares Subject to Possible Redemption**

The Company accounts for its shares subject to possible redemption in accordance with the guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity." Shares subject to mandatory redemption (if any) is classified as a liability instrument and is measured at fair value. Conditionally redeemable shares of ordinary share (including shares of ordinary shares that feature redemption rights that are either within the control of the holder or subject to redemption upon the occurrence of uncertain events not solely within the Company's control) is classified as temporary equity. At all other times, shares are classified as shareholders' equity. The Company's shares feature certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company's control and subject to occurrence of uncertain future events. Accordingly, at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, shares subject to possible redemption are presented as temporary equity, outside of the shareholders' deficit section of the Company's balance sheet.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption reflected on the Balance Sheets are reconciled in the following table:

Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption, December 31, 2021	\$ 232,300,000
Accretion of carrying value to redemption value	 3,278,275
Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption, December 31, 2022	\$ 235,578,275
Accretion of carrying value to redemption value	 9,498,542
Class A ordinary shares subject to possible redemption as of September 30, 2023	\$ 245,076,817

## **Offering Costs**

Offering costs consisted of legal, accounting, and other expenses incurred through the balance sheet date that were directly related to the Initial Public Offering. The Company complies with the requirements of the ASC 340-10-S99-1 and SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") Topic 5A— "Expenses of Offering." Offering costs consist principally of professional and registration fees incurred through the balance sheet date that are related to the Initial Public Offering. Offering costs are charged to shareholders' equity or the statement of operations based on the relative value of the Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants to the proceeds received from the Units sold upon the completion of the Initial Public Offering. Accordingly, on December 31, 2021 offering costs totaling \$13,157,186 (consisting of \$2,446,000 of underwriting fee, \$9,780,500 of deferred underwriting fee and \$930,686 of other offering costs) were recognized with \$781,595 included in the statements of operations as an allocation for the Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants. No offering costs were incurred for the nine months ended September 30, 2023.

The Company accounts for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant's specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in ASC 480, "Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity," and ASC 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." The assessment considers whether the warrants are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the warrants meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the warrants are indexed to the Company's own ordinary shares, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, is conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent quarterly period end date while the warrants are outstanding.

For issued or modified warrants that meet all of the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded as a component of additional paid-in capital at the time of issuance. For issued or modified warrants that do not meet all the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded at their initial fair value on the date of issuance, and each balance sheet date thereafter. Changes in the estimated fair value of the warrants are recognized as a non-cash gain or loss on the statements of operations. The fair value of the warrants was estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model (see Note 10).

## Net Income Per Ordinary Share

The Company complies with accounting and disclosure requirements of ASC 260, "Earnings Per Share." The Company has two classes of shares, which are referred to as Class A ordinary shares and Class B ordinary shares. Income is shared pro rata between the two classes of shares. Net income per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the period. Accretion associated with the redeemable shares of Class A ordinary share is excluded from earnings per share as the redemption value approximates fair value. The calculation of diluted income per ordinary share does not consider the effect of the Warrants issued in connection with the IPO, as well Warrants potentially issuable upon conversion of the Note since the exercise of the Warrants are contingent upon the occurrence of future events and the inclusion of such Warrants would be anti-dilutive.

A reconciliation of net income per ordinary share is as follows:

	F	or the Three I September	 	F	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023				or the Three M Septembe			For the Nine Months Endo September 30, 2022									
		Class A	Class B		Class A		Class B		Class A		Class A		Class A		Class A		Class B	Class A			Class B
Basic and diluted net income per ordinary share Numerator:				_																	
Allocation of net income, as																					
adjusted	\$	1,836,174	\$ 459,043	\$	5,822,882	\$	1,455,721	\$	139,321	\$	34,830	\$	5,836,470	\$	1,459,118						
Denominator:																					
Basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding		23,000,000	 5,750,000		23,000,000		5,750,000		23,000,000		5,750,000		23,000,000		5,750,000						
Basic and diluted net income per																					
ordinary share	\$	0.08	\$ 0.08	\$	0.25	\$	0.25	\$	0.01	\$	0.01	\$	0.25	\$	0.25						
						11															

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist of a cash account in a financial institution which, at times may exceed the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation coverage limit of \$250,000. The Company has not experienced losses on this account and management believes the Company is not exposed to significant risks on such account.

## **Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

The fair value of the Company's assets and liabilities, which qualify as financial instruments under ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurement," approximates the carrying amounts represented in the accompanying Balance Sheets, primarily due to their short-term nature.

## **Derivative Financial Instruments**

The Company evaluates its financial instruments to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives in accordance with ASC Topic 815, "Derivatives and Hedging." For derivative financial instruments that are accounted for as liabilities, the derivative instrument is initially recorded at its fair value on the date of issuance and is then re-valued at each reporting date, with changes in the fair value reported in the condensed statements of operations. The classification of derivative instruments, including whether such instruments should be recorded as liabilities or as equity, is evaluated at the end of each reporting period. Derivative liabilities are classified in the balance sheet as current or non-current based on whether or not net-cash settlement or conversion of the instrument could be required within 12 months of the balance sheet date.

The Company will account for the conversion features in convertible notes under ASC Topic 815. However, if a conversion feature meets the criteria of the scope exception, then it will not be bifurcated.

## **Recent Accounting Standards**

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU 2020-06, "Debt — Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470—20) and Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40)," to simplify accounting for certain financial instruments. ASU 2020-06 eliminates the current models that require separation of beneficial conversion and cash conversion features from convertible instruments and simplifies the derivative scope exception guidance pertaining to equity classification of contracts in an entity's own equity. The new standard also introduces additional disclosures for convertible debt and freestanding instruments that are indexed to and settled in an entity's own equity. ASU 2020-06 amends the diluted earnings per share guidance, including the requirement to use the if-convened method for all convertible instruments. ASU 2020-06 is effective January 1, 2024 and should be applied on full or modified retrospective basis, with early adoption permitted beginning on January 1, 2021. The Company is currently assessing the impact, if that ASU 2020-06 would have on its financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Management does not believe there are any other recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting pronouncements, if currently adopted, that would have a material effect on the Company's condensed financial statements.

## Note 3 – Initial Public Offering

Pursuant to the Initial Public Offering on October 13, 2021, the Company sold 23,000,000 Units, including 3,000,000 Units as a result of the underwriter's exercise of their over-allotment option in full, at a purchase price of \$10.00 per Unit. Each Unit consists of one share of the Company's Class A ordinary shares, and one-half of one redeemable warrant ("Public Warrant"). Each Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one share of Class A ordinary share at an exercise price of \$11.50 per whole share (see Note 8).

#### Note 4 – Private Placement

Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Sponsor purchased an aggregate of 7,146,000 Private Placement Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant, for an aggregate purchase price of \$7,146,000, in a private placement. Each Private Placement Warrant is identical to the warrants offered in the Initial Public Offering, except there will be no redemption rights or liquidating distributions from the Trust Account with respect to Private Placement Warrants, which will expire worthless if we do not consummate a Business Combination within the Combination Period.

## **Founder Shares**

On February 2, 2021, in consideration for the payment of certain of the Company's offering costs, the Company applied \$25,000 of outstanding advances from the Sponsor towards the issuance of 7,187,000 shares of the Company's Class B ordinary shares. On August 20, 2021 and September 9, 2021, the Sponsor effected a surrender of 1,287,000 Class B ordinary shares and 150,000 Class B ordinary shares, respectively, to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease in the total number of Class B ordinary shares outstanding from 7,187,000 to 5,750,000. All shares and associated amounts have been retroactively restated to reflect the share surrender. The initial shareholders agreed to forfeit up to 750,000 Founder Shares to the extent the over-allotment was not exercised in full by the underwriter. In May 2021, our sponsor transferred 30,000 Founder Shares to each of our independent directors at the same price originally paid for such shares. On October 13, 2021, the underwriter exercised the full over-allotment option.

The Sponsor has agreed not to transfer, assign or sell any of its Founder Shares until the earlier to occur of: (A) one year after the completion of a Business Combination or (B) the date on which the Company completes a liquidation, merger, capital stock exchange or similar transaction that results in the Company's shareholders having the right to exchange their ordinary shares for cash, securities or other property. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the last sale price of the Company's Class A ordinary shares equals or exceeds \$12.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within any 30-trading day period commencing at least 150 days after the Business Combination, the Founder Shares will be released from the lock-up.

#### **Promissory Note – Related Party**

On February 18, 2021, the Sponsor agreed to loan the Company an aggregate of up to \$300,000 to cover expenses related to the Proposed Offering pursuant to a promissory note (the "Note"). On March 25, 2021, the Company borrowed \$300,000 on the Note to cover expenses related to the Proposed Offering. On September 7, 2021, the Sponsor and the Company agreed to amend and restate the Note (the "Amended and Restated Note") to extend the maturity date. The Amended and Restated Note was non-interest bearing and was paid in full on October 26, 2021.

## **Related Party Loans**

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor, an affiliate of the Sponsor, or the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required (the "Working Capital Loans"). Such Working Capital Loans would be evidenced by promissory notes. The notes would either be repaid upon consummation of a Business Combination, without interest, or, at the lender's discretion, up to \$1,500,000 of notes may be converted upon consummation of a Business Combination into warrants at a price of \$1.00 per warrant. The warrants will be identical to the Private Placement Warrants. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the Working Capital Loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans.

On May 3, 2022, the Company entered into a promissory note with the Sponsor pursuant to which the Sponsor agreed to loan the Company up to an aggregate amount of \$1,050,000 which the Company drew down in full on May 5, 2022. This note is non-interest bearing and is due on the earlier of the day by which the Company must complete a Business Combination, and the effective date of a Business Combination. The outstanding balance under this loan amounted to \$1,278,000 and \$1,050,000 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Management determined that there was an embedded conversion feature related to the note that would require bifurcation and be classified as a liability. However, as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the amount was determined to be de minimis.

#### **Registration and Shareholders Rights**

The holders of the Founder Shares, Private Placement Warrants and any warrants that may be issued upon conversion of the Working Capital Loans (and in each case holders of their component securities, as applicable) will be entitled to registration rights pursuant to a registration rights agreement signed simultaneously with the offering (October 13, 2021), requiring the Company to register such securities for resale (in the case of the Founder Shares, only after conversion to our Class A ordinary shares). The holders of the majority of these securities are entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form demands, that the Company register such securities. In addition, the holders have certain "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the consummation of a Business Combination and rights to require the Company to register for resale such securities pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

#### **Underwriting Agreement**

The underwriter is entitled to a deferred fee of \$0.35 per Unit, or \$7,780,500 in the aggregate, and a discretionary deferred fee of \$2,000,000. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriter from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completes a Business Combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement.

Effective as of September 1, 2023, the underwriters from the Initial Public Offering resigned and withdrew from their role in the Business Combination and thereby waived their entitlement to the deferred underwriting commissions in the amount of \$9,780,500, which was recorded as a gain on settlement of underwriter fees on the statement of shareholders' deficit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 for \$9,223,757, which represents the original amount recorded to accumulated deficit, and the remaining balance representing the original amount recorded to the condensed statements of operations of \$556,743 was recorded for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### Softbank and Sponsor Investors Investment

A fund managed by SB Management Limited, a 100% directly owned subsidiary of SoftBank and certain members of our sponsor, in the aggregate, have purchased \$100.0 million of units (or 10,000,000 units) and \$7.7 million of units (or 770,000 units), respectively, in the Initial Public Offering, and we agreed to direct the underwriter to sell Softbank and the sponsor investors such number of units, which number of units in the aggregate equals approximately 37.5% of the total number of Class A ordinary shares and Class B ordinary shares issued and outstanding. Such number of units, together with Class B ordinary shares held by our initial shareholders, equals approximately 57.5% of the total number of Class A ordinary shares and Class B ordinary shares issued and outstanding. The underwriter is entitled to an underwriting discount of \$0.35 per unit for every unit purchased by Softbank, the payment of which has been deferred and will become payable to the underwriter from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completes a Business Combination. The underwriter did not receive any underwritten discount for any unit purchased by the sponsor investors. Softbank and the sponsor investors entered into a letter agreement with us pursuant to which they would agree (a) to vote all of their public shares purchased during or after the Initial Public Offering in favor of our initial Business Combination on terms substantially identical to those agreed to by the initial shareholders with respect to the initial shareholders' vo

As Softbank has purchased such units in this offering, if they vote them in favor of our initial Business Combination, it is possible that no votes from other public shareholders would be required to approve our initial Business Combination, depending on the number of shares that are present at the meeting to approve such transaction.



The Company accounted for the 18,646,000 warrants issued in connection with the Initial Public Offering in accordance with the guidance contained in ASC 815-40. Such guidance provides that, because the warrants do not meet the criteria for equity treatment thereunder, each warrant must be recorded as a liability. Accordingly, the Company has classified each warrant as a liability at its fair value. This liability is subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date. With each such remeasurement, the warrant liability will be adjusted to fair value, with the change in fair value recognized in the Company's statement of operations. The warrants are also subject to re-evaluation of the proper classification and accounting treatment at each reporting period. If the classification changes as a result of events during the period, the warrants will be reclassified as of the date of the event that causes the reclassification.

The Company offered warrants in connection with its sale of Units. Each whole warrant that is part of the Units sold in the Offering is exercisable to purchase one share of the Company's Class A ordinary shares, subject to adjustment as provided in the Company's Offering prospectus, and only whole warrants are exercisable. No fractional warrants will be issued upon separation of the Units and only whole warrants will trade. If, upon separation of the Units, a holder of warrants would be entitled to receive a fractional warrant, the Company will round down to the nearest whole number of warrants to be issued to such holder.

The Company will not be obligated to deliver any Class A ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of a Public Warrant and will have no obligation to settle such Public Warrant exercise unless a registration statement under the Securities Act covering the issuance of the Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants is then effective and a prospectus relating thereto is current, subject to the Company satisfying its obligations with respect to registration. No Public Warrant will be exercisable for cash or on a cashless basis, and the Company will not be obligated to issue any shares to holders seeking to exercise their Public Warrants, unless the issuance of the shares upon such exercise is registered or qualified under the securities laws of the state of the exercising holder, or an exemption from registration is available.

The Company has agreed that as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 15 business days, after the closing of a Business Combination, it will use its best efforts to file with the SEC a registration statement registering the issuance, under the Securities Act, of the Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants. The Company will use its best efforts to file with the SEC a registration statement covering the Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the warrants, to cause such registration statement to become effective and to maintain a current prospectus relating to those Class A ordinary shares until the warrants expire or are redeemed, as specified in the warrant agreement. If a registration statement covering the Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the business day after the closing of a Business Combination, warrant holders may, until such time as there is an effective registration statement and during any period when the Company will have failed to maintain an effective registration statement, exercise warrants on a "cashless basis" in accordance with Section 3(a)(9) of the Securities Act or another exemption.

Redemption of warrants when the price per share of Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$18.00. Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at a price of \$0.01 per Public Warrant;
- upon not less than 30 days' prior written notice of redemption to each warrant holder and
- if, and only if, the reported last sale price of the Class A ordinary shares equals or exceeds \$18.00 per share (as adjusted for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like) for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending three business days before the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders.

Redemption of warrants when the price per share of Class A common stock equals or exceeds \$10.00. Once the warrants become exercisable, the Company may redeem the outstanding warrants:

- in whole and not in part;
- at \$0.10 per warrant upon a minimum of 30 days' prior written notice of redemption provided that holders will be able to exercise their warrants on a cashless basis prior to redemption and receive that number of shares determined by reference to an agreed table based on the redemption date and the "fair market value" of Class A ordinary shares;
- if and only if, the closing price of Class A ordinary shares equals or exceeds \$10.00 per public share (as adjusted) for any 20 trading days within the 30-trading day period ending three trading days before the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders; and
- if the closing price of the Class A ordinary shares for any 20 trading days within a 30-trading day period ending on the third trading day prior to the date on which the Company sends the notice of redemption to the warrant holders is less than \$18.00 per share (as adjusted), the Private Placement Warrants must also be concurrently called for redemption on the same terms as the outstanding Public Warrants, as described above.

#### Table of Contents

If and when the Public Warrants become redeemable by the Company, the Company may not exercise its redemption right if the issuance of ordinary shares upon exercise of the warrants is not exempt from registration or qualification under applicable state blue sky laws or the Company is unable to effect such registration or qualification.

The exercise price and number of Class A ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a share dividend, or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. Additionally, in no event will the Company be required to net cash settle the Public Warrants. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with the respect to such warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may expire worthless. If the Company calls the Public Warrants for redemption, management will have the option to require all holders that wish to exercise the Public Warrants to do so on a "cashless basis," as described in the warrant agreement. The exercise price and number of ordinary shares issuable upon exercise of the Public Warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, extraordinary dividend or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company liquidates the funds held in the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their warrants, nor will they receive any distribution from the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account with respect to such warrants. Accordingly, the warrants may be adjusted in certain circumstances including in the event of a stock dividend, extraordinary dividend or recapitalization, reorganization, merger or consolidation. If the Company is unable to complete a Business Combination within the Combination Period and the Company's assets held outside of the Trust Account, holders of warrants will not receive any of such funds with respect to their w

In addition, if (x) the Company issues additional shares of Class A ordinary shares or equity-linked securities for capital raising purposes in connection with the closing of its initial Business Combination at an issue price or effective issue price of less than \$9.20 per Class A ordinary share (with such issue price or effective issue price to be determined in good faith by the Company's board of directors and, in the case of any such issuance to the Sponsor or its affiliates, without taking into account any Founder Shares held by the Sponsor or such affiliates, as applicable, prior to such issuance) (the "Newly Issued Price"), (y) the aggregate gross proceeds from such issuances represent more than 60% of the total equity proceeds, and interest thereon, available for the funding of the Company's initial Business Combination on the date of the consummation of such initial Business Combination (net of redemptions), and (z) the volume weighted average trading price of the Company's ordinary shares during the 20 trading day period starting on the trading day prior to the day on which the Company consummates its initial Business Combination (such price, the "Market Value") is below \$20 per share, the exercise price of the warrants will be adjusted (to the nearest cent) to be equal to 115% of the higher of the Market Value and the Newly Issued Price.

The Private Placement Warrants will be identical to the Public Warrants included in the Units being sold in the Proposed Offering, except that the Private Placement Warrants will and the ordinary shares issuable upon the exercise of the Private Placement Warrants will not be transferable, assignable or salable until 30 days after the completion of a Business Combination, subject to certain limited exceptions. Additionally, the Private Placement Warrants will be exercisable on a cashless basis and will be non-redeemable so long as they are held by the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees. If the Private Placement Warrants are held by someone other than the initial purchasers or their permitted transferees, the Private Placement Warrants will be redeemable by the Company and exercisable by such holders on the same basis as the Public Warrants.

At September 30, 2023, there were 11,500,000 public warrants and 7,146,000 private placement warrants outstanding with a fair value of \$345,000 and \$214,380, respectively. At December 31, 2022, there were 11,500,000 public warrants and 7,146,000 private placement warrants outstanding with a fair value of \$690,000 and \$428,760, respectively.

The Company accounts for the 11,500,000 warrants issued in connection with the Initial Public Offering and the 7,146,000 private placement warrants in accordance with the guidance contained in ASC 815-40. Such guidance provides that because the warrants do not meet the criteria for equity treatment thereunder, each warrant must be recorded as a derivative liability. The warrant agreement contains an Alternative Issuance provision that if less than 70% of the consideration receivable by the holders of the Class A ordinary share in the Business Combination is payable in the form of ordinary equity in the successor entity, and if the holders of the warrants properly exercise the warrants within thirty days following the public disclosure of the consummation of Business Combination by the Company, the warrant price shall be reduced by an amount equal to the difference (but in no event less than zero) of (i) the warrant price in effect prior to such reduction minus (ii) (A) the Per Share Consideration (as defined below) minus (B) the Black-Scholes Warrant Value (as defined below). The "Black-Scholes Warrant Value" means the value of a Warrant immediately prior to the consummation of the Business Combination based on the Black-Scholes Warrant Model for a Capped American Call on Bloomberg Financial Markets. "Per Share Consideration" means (i) if the consideration paid to holders of the ordinary share consists exclusively of cash, the amount of such cash per ordinary share, and (ii) in all other cases, the volume weighted average price of the ordinary share as reported during the ten-trading day period ending on the trading day prior to the effective date of the Business Combination.

The Company believes that the adjustments to the exercise price of the warrants is based on a variable that is not an input to the fair value of a "fixed-for-fixed" option as defined under ASC 815-40, and thus the warrants are not eligible for an exception from derivative accounting. The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company record a derivative liability upon the closing of the Initial Public Offering. Accordingly, the Company will classify each warrant as a liability at its fair value and the warrants will be allocated a portion of the proceeds from the issuance of the Units equal to its fair value determined by the Monte Carlo simulation. This liability is subject to re-measurement at each balance sheet date. With each such remeasurement, the warrant liability will be adjusted to fair value, with the change in fair value recognized in the Company's statements of operations. The Company will reassess the classification at each balance sheet date. If the classification changes as a result of events during the period, the warrants will be reclassified as of the date of the event that causes the reclassification.

#### Note 8 - Class A Ordinary Shares Subject to Possible Redemption

The Company's Class A ordinary shares feature certain redemption rights that are considered to be outside of the Company's control and subject to the occurrence of future events. The Company is authorized to issue 200,000,000 shares of Class A ordinary shares with a par value \$0.0001 per share. Holders of the Company's Class A ordinary shares are entitled to one vote for each share. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were 23,000,000 Class A ordinary shares outstanding which were subject to possible redemption and are classified outside of permanent equity in the Balance Sheets.

#### Note 9 - Shareholders' Deficit

*Preference Shares* — The Company is authorized to issue 1,000,000 preference shares with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no preference shares issued or outstanding.

*Class A Ordinary Shares* — The Company is authorized to issue 200,000,000 Class A ordinary shares, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Holders of Class A ordinary shares are entitled to one vote for each share. At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were no Class A ordinary shares issued or outstanding, excluding the 23,000,000 shares subject to redemption.

*Class B Ordinary Shares* — The Company is authorized to issue 20,000,000 Class B ordinary shares, with a par value of \$0.0001 per share. Holders of the Class B ordinary shares are entitled to one vote for each share. At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, there were 5,750,000 Class B ordinary shares issued and outstanding.

#### Table of Contents

The Class B ordinary shares will automatically convert into Class A ordinary shares at the time of the Business Combination on a one-for-one basis, subject to adjustment for stock splits, stock dividends, reorganizations, recapitalizations and the like. In the case that additional Class A ordinary shares, or equity linked securities, are issued or deemed issued in excess of the amounts offered in the Proposed Offering and related to the closing of a Business Combination, the ratio at which Class B ordinary shares shall convert into Class A ordinary shares will be adjusted (unless the holders of a majority of the outstanding Class B ordinary shares agree to waive such adjustment with respect to any such issuance or deemed issuance) so that the number of Class A ordinary shares issuable upon conversion of all Class B ordinary shares will equal, in the aggregate, on an as converted basis, 20% of the sum of the total number of all ordinary shares outstanding upon the completion of the Proposed Offering plus all Class A ordinary shares and equity linked securities issued or deemed issued in connection with a Business Combination (excluding any shares or equity linked securities issued, or to be issued, to any seller in a Business Combination, and any private placement-equivalent warrants issued to the Sponsor or its affiliates upon conversion of loans made to the Company). Holders of Founder Shares may also elect to convert their Class B ordinary shares into an equal number of Class A ordinary shares, subject to adjustment as provided above, at any time.

The Company may issue additional ordinary shares or preference shares to complete its Business Combination or under an employee incentive plan after completion of its Business Combination.

#### Note 10 - Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for sale of an asset or paid for transfer of a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). These tiers include:

- Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical instruments in active markets;
- Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active
  markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and
- Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs in which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions, such as valuations derived
  from valuation techniques in which one or more significant inputs or significant value drivers are unobservable.

In some circumstances, the inputs used to measure fair value might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those instances, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2023, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs the Company utilized to determine such fair value:

	Level 1 Level 2				Level 3			Total
Assets:								
Assets Held in Trust	\$	245,076,817	\$		\$		\$	245,076,817
Liabilities:	_						_	
Warrant Liabilities:								
Public Warrants	\$	345,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	345,000
Private Placement Warrants		-		-		214,380		214,380
Total Warrant Liabilities	\$	345,000	\$		\$	214,380	\$	559,380

#### Table of Contents

The following table presents information about the Company's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2022, and indicates the fair value hierarchy of the valuation inputs the Company utilized to determine such fair value:

	Level 1			Level 2	Level 3		 Total
Assets:							 
Assets Held in Trust	\$	235,578,275	\$		\$	_	\$ 235,578,275
Liabilities:					_		
Warrant Liabilities:							
Public Warrants	\$	690,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 690,000
Private Placement Warrants		-		-		428,760	 428,760
Total Warrant Liabilities	\$	690,000	\$	-	\$	428,760	\$ 1,118,760

The Warrants are accounted for as liabilities in accordance with ASC 815-40 and are presented within warrant liabilities on the Balance Sheets. The warrant liabilities are measured at fair value at inception and on a recurring basis, with changes in fair value presented within change in fair value of warrant liabilities in the Statements of Operations.

## **Initial and Subsequent Measurement**

The Company established the initial fair value for the Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants on October 13, 2021, the date of the Company's Initial Public Offering, using a Monte Carlo simulation model. The Company allocated the proceeds received from (i) the sale of Units (which is inclusive of one share of Class A ordinary share and one-fifth of one Public Warrant), and (ii) the sale of Private Placement Warrants, first to the Warrants based on their fair values as determined at initial measurement, with the remaining proceeds allocated to shares of Class A ordinary share subject to possible redemption based on their relative fair values at the initial measurement date. The Public Warrants and the Private Placement Warrants were classified as Level 3 at the initial measurement date due to the use of unobservable inputs. For periods subsequent to the detachment of the Public Warrants from the Units, which occurred on November 29, 2021, the Public Warrants were valued using the instrument's publicly listed trading price on the NYSE as of the balance sheet date, which is considered to be a Level 1 measurement due to the use of an observable market quote in an active market.

The key inputs into the Monte Carlo Simulation Model for the Private Placement Warrants were as follows on September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

Input	-	nber 30, 023	December 31, 2022
Share Price	\$	10.66	\$ 10.10
Exercise Price	\$	11.50	\$ 11.50
Risk-free rate of interest		4.50%	3.91%
Volatility		7.4%	4.5%
Term		6.04	5.29
Probability Weighted Fair Value of Warrants	\$	0.03	\$ 0.06

The Warrants were valued using a Monte Carlo Simulation Model, which is considered to be a Level 3 fair value measurement. The Modified Black Scholes model's primary unobservable input utilized in determining the fair value of the Warrants is the expected volatility as of the IPO date, which was derived from observable warrant pricing on comparable 'blank-check' companies without an identified target. The expected volatility as of subsequent valuation dates was implied from the Company's own public warrant pricing.

The following table presents the changes in the fair value of Level 3 warrant liabilities:

	Private Placement Warrants
Fair value as of December 31, 2022	\$ 428,760
Change in fair value	(285,840)
Fair value as of March 31, 2023	\$ 142,920
Change in fair value	71,460
Fair value as of June 30, 2023	\$ 214,380
Change in fair value	
Fair value as of September 30, 2023	\$ 214,380

## **Conversion Option Liability**

The liability for the conversion option was valued using a Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, which is considered to be a Level 3 fair value measurement. The Black Scholes model's primary unobservable input utilized in determining the fair value of the conversion option is the expected volatility of the ordinary shares. During the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, there were no changes in the fair value of the conversion option liability. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the fair value of the conversion feature was di minimis.

#### Note 11 - Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through the date these condensed financial statements were issued and determined that there were no significant unrecognized events through that date other than those noted below.

At the Meeting, the Public Shareholders approved the Extension Amendment Proposal, the Founder Share Amendment Proposal and the Redemption Limitation Proposal.

In connection with the Meeting, shareholders holding 13,661,579 Class A ordinary shares (after giving effect to withdrawals of redemptions) exercised their right to redeem such shares for a pro rata portion of the funds in the Trust Account. As a result, approximately \$145.2 million (approximately \$10.63 per share) was removed from the Trust Account to pay such holders. Following redemptions, the Company has 9,338,421 Class A ordinary shares outstanding.

On October 24, 2023, the Company entered into a Business Combination Agreement (the "Business Combination Agreement"), by and among the Company, Learn SPAC HoldCo, Inc., a Delaware corporation and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Learn CW ("Holdco"), LCW Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Holdco ("LCW Merger Sub"), and Innventure Merger Sub, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Holdco ("Innventure Merger Sub") and Innventure LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Innventure"). Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, the parties thereto will enter into a business combination transaction (the "Innventure Business Combination" and, together with the other transactions contemplated thereby, the "Transactions"), pursuant to which, among other things, (i) LCW Merger Sub will merge with and into the Company (the "LCW Merger"), with the Company being the surviving company, and (ii) Innventure Merger Sub will merge with and into Innventure (the "Innventure Merger" and together with the LCW Merger, the "Mergers"), with Innventure being the surviving company. Following the Mergers, each of the Company and Innventure will be a subsidiary of Holdco, and Holdco will become a publicly traded company. At the closing of the Transactions, Holdco is expected to change its name to Innventure, Inc, and its common stock, par value \$0.0001, is expected to list on either the NYSE or NASDAQ.

Innventure founds, funds, operates, and rapidly scales companies in strategic collaboration with Multinational Corporations ("MNCs") to commercialize breakthrough technology solutions. Innventure has launched and built three companies since inception: PureCycle Technologies, Inc. (Nasdaq: "PCT"), whose technology converts recycled polypropylene into a renewable resource through its unique purification process; AeroFlexx, whose technology utilizes flexible film to create a package for liquid products that uses up to 85% less virgin plastic versus traditional rigid bottles; and Accelsius, whose technology utilizes liquid cooling technology designed to meet the rising demand for efficient cooling systems in datacenters and telecommunication systems.

The consummation of the proposed Innventure Business Combination is subject to certain conditions as further described in the Business Combination Agreement.

Unless specifically stated, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q does not give effect to the proposed Transactions and does not contain the risks associated wit the proposed Transactions. Such risks and effects relating to the proposed Transactions will be included in a Registration Statement on Form S-4 that will be filed with the SEC relating to our proposed Innventure Business Combination.

On October 13, 2023 and November 13, 2023 the Company deposited \$150,000 into the Trust Account in order to effect two of the twelve one month extensions of the Extended Date, which extended the deadline to consummate the Business Combination to December 13, 2023.

References in this report (the "Quarterly Report") to "we," "us" or the "Company" refer to Learn CW. References to our "management" or our "management team" refer to our officers and directors, and references to the "Sponsor" refer to CWAM LC Sponsor, LLC. The following discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed financial statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. Certain information contained in the discussion and analysis set forth below includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties.

## Special Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This Quarterly Report includes "forward-looking statements" that are not historical facts and involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expected and projected. All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this Quarterly Report including, without limitation, statements in this "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" regarding the Company's financial position, business strategy and the plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. Words such as "expect," "believe," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "seek" and variations and similar words and expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements relate to future events or future performance, but reflect management's current beliefs, based on information currently available. A number of factors could cause actual events, performance or results to differ materially from the events, performance and results discussed in the forward-looking statements. For information identifying important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements, please refer to the Risk Factors section of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on April 18, 2023. The Company's securities filings can be accessed on the EDGAR section of the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Except as expressly required by applicable securities law, the Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

#### Overview

We are a blank check company incorporated on February 2, 2021 as a Cayman Islands exempted company for the purpose of effecting a merger, share exchange, asset acquisition, share purchase, reorganization or similar business combination with one or more businesses or entities (the "Business Combination"). We intend to effectuate our initial business combination using cash from the proceeds of our Initial Public Offering and the sale of our shares, debt or a combination of cash, equity and debt. We expect to continue to incur significant costs in the pursuit of our acquisition plans. We cannot assure you that our plans to complete a Business Combination will be successful.

Our registration statement for our Initial Public Offering was declared effective on October 13, 2021. On October 13, 2021, we consummated our Initial Public Offering of 23,000,000 units, including the issuance of 3,000,000 units as a result of the underwriter's full exercise of their over-allotment option, at \$10.00 per Unit, generating gross proceeds of \$230,000,000. Each Unit consisted of one Public Share and one-half of one redeemable Warrant. Each whole Public Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one Public Share for \$11.50 per share, subject to adjustment. Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated the sale of 7,146,000 warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant in a private placement to the Sponsor generating gross proceeds of \$7,146,000.

Following the closing of the Initial Public Offering on October 13, 2021, \$232,300,000 (\$10.10 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering and the sale of the Private Placement Warrants was placed in a non-interest bearing Trust Account (the "Trust Account"), located in the United States at a nationally recognized financial institution, with U.S. Bank National Association acting as trustee, and invested only in United States "government securities" within the meaning of Section 2(a)(16) of the Investment Company Act having a maturity of 185 days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 promulgated under the Investment Company Act which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations. Pursuant to the trust agreement, the trustee will not be permitted to invest in other securities or assets. The Trust Account is intended as a holding place for funds pending the earliest to occur of either: (i) the completion of the initial Business Combination; (ii) the redemption of any public shares properly tendered in connection with a stockholder vote to amend our amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (A) to modify the substance or timing of our obligation to provide holders of the Class A ordinary shares the right to have their shares redeemed in connection with the initial Business Combination or to redeem 100% of the public shares if the Company does not complete the initial Business Combination within 18 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering or (B) with respect to any other provision relating to the rights of holders of the Class A ordinary shares; or (iii) absent the completing an initial Business Combination within 18 months from the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the return of the funds held in the Trust Account to the public stockholders as part of the redemption of the public shares. If the Company does not invest the proceeds as discussed above, the Company may be deemed to be su

If we are unable to complete our initial Business Combination within the Combination Period or during any Extension Period, we will (i) cease all operations except for the purpose of winding up, (ii) as promptly as reasonably possible but no more than ten business days thereafter, redeem the public shares, at a per-share price, payable in cash, equal to the aggregate amount then on deposit in the Trust Account, divided by the number of then outstanding public shares, which redemption will completely extinguish public Shareholder's rights as shareholders (including the right to receive further liquidation distributions, if any), subject to applicable law, and (iii) as promptly as reasonably possible following such redemption, subject to the approval of the remaining shareholders and the Company's board of directors, proceed to commence a voluntary liquidation and thereby a formal dissolution of the Company, subject in each case to its obligations under Cayman Islands law to provide for claims of creditors and the requirements of applicable law.

## **Recent Developments**

On October 13, 2023, the Company announced that the Company's shareholders voted in favor of approving amendments to the Company's amended and restated memorandum and articles of association (the "Charter") to, amongst other things, extended the date by which the Company must consummate an initial Business Combination from October 13, 2023 to October 13, 2024 by electing to extend the date to consummate an initial business combination on a monthly basis for up to twelve times by an additional one month. The Company also announced that \$150,000 was deposited on October 13, 2023 and November 13, 2023, respectively, into the Trust Account to extend the period of time the Company has to consummate its initial business combination within the amended terms of the Charter.

Furthermore, shareholders holding 13,661,579 Class A ordinary shares (after giving effect to withdrawals of redemptions) exercised their right to redeem such shares for a pro rata portion of the funds in the Trust Account. As a result, approximately \$145.2 million (approximately \$10.63 per share) was removed from the Trust Account to pay such holders.

On October 24, 2023, the Company entered into a Business Combination Agreement (the "Business Combination Agreement"), by and among the Company, Learn SPAC Holdco, Inc., a Delaware corporation and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Learn CW ("Holdco"), LCW Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Holdco ("LCW Merger Sub"), and Innventure Merger Sub, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Holdco ("Innventure Merger Sub") and Innventure LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Innventure"). Innventure founds, funds, operates, and rapidly scales companies in strategic collaboration with Multinational Corporations ("MNCs") to commercialize breakthrough technology solutions. Innventure has launched and built three companies since inception: PureCycle Technologies, Inc. (Nasdaq: "PCT"), whose technology converts recycled polypropylene into a renewable resource through its unique purification process; AeroFlexx, whose technology utilizes flexible film to create a package for liquid products that uses up to 85% less virgin plastic versus traditional rigid bottles; and Accelsius, whose technology utilizes liquid cooling technology designed to meet the rising demand for efficient cooling systems in datacenters and telecommunication systems.

Pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement, the parties thereto will enter into a business combination transaction (the "Innventure Business Combination" and, together with the other transactions contemplated by thereby, the "Transactions"), pursuant to which, among other things, (i) LCW Merger Sub will merge with and into the Company (the "LCW Merger"), with the Company being the surviving company, and (ii) Innventure Merger Sub will merge with and into Innventure (the "Innventure Merger" and together with the LCW Merger, the "Mergers"), with Innventure being the surviving company. Following the Mergers, each of the Company and Innventure will be a subsidiary of Holdco, and Holdco will become a publicly traded company. At the closing of the Transactions, Holdco is expected to change its name to Innventure, Inc, and its common stock, par value \$0.0001, is expected to list on either the NYSE or NASDAQ.

The Innventure Business Combination is expected to be consummated after the required approval by the shareholders of the Company and the satisfaction of certain other conditions set forth in the Business Combination Agreement.

For more information about the Business Combination Agreement and the proposed Innventure Business Combination, see our Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 24, 2023. Unless specifically stated, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q does not give effect to the proposed Transactions and does not contain the risks associated with the proposed Transactions.

## **Results of Operations**

Our only activities from inception through September 30, 2023, were those related to our formation, the preparation for our Initial Public Offering and, since the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the search for a prospective initial Business Combination. We have neither engaged in any operations nor generated any operating revenues to date. We will not generate any operating revenues until after completion of our initial Business Combination, at the earliest. We incurred expenses as a result of being a public company (including for legal, financial reporting, accounting and auditing compliance), as well as for expenses in connection with searching for a prospective initial Business Combination.

For the three months ended September 30, 2023, we had a net income of \$2,295,217, which consisted of interest income related to the Trust Account of \$3,603,790 and gain on settlement of deferred underwriting fees of \$556,743 offset by operating expenses of \$1,865,316.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, we had a net income of \$7,278,603, which consisted of interest income related to the Trust Account of \$8,808,542 and interest income on cash account of \$375, change in fair value of the warrant liability of \$559,380 and gain on settlement of deferred underwriting fees of \$556,743, offset by operating expenses of \$2,646,437.

For the three months ended September 30, 2022, we had a net income of \$174,151, which consisted of interest income related to the Trust Account of \$1,126,792 offset by operating expenses of \$393,261 and change in fair value of the warrant liability of \$559,380.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, we had a net income of \$7,295,588, which consisted of a change in fair value of the warrant liability of \$7,486,984 and interest income related to the Trust Account of \$1,284,178 offset by formation and operating expenses of \$1,475,574.

## Liquidity, Capital Resources and Going Concern

On October 13, 2021, the Company consummated the Initial Public Offering of 20,000,000 units, generating gross proceeds of \$200,000,000. Simultaneously with the closing of the Initial Public Offering, the Company consummated a private placement of 7,146,000 Warrants at a price of \$1.00 per Private Placement Warrant to its Sponsor, generating gross proceeds of \$7,146,000. Simultaneously, the underwriter exercised the over-allotment option and purchased an additional 3,000,000 Over-Allotment Units, generating an aggregate of gross proceeds of \$30,000,000.

Following the consummation of the Initial Public Offering on October 13, 2021, an amount of \$232,300,000 (\$10.10 per Unit) from the net proceeds of the sale of the Units in the Initial Public Offering was placed in the Trust Account. Transaction costs amounted to \$12,375,591 consisting of \$2,446,000 of underwriting fees, \$9,780,500 of deferred underwriting fees and \$930,686 of other costs.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we had approximately \$245,076,817 and \$235,578,275 cash held in the Trust Account, respectively. We intend to use substantially all of the funds held the Trust Account. To the extent that our shares or debt is used, in whole or in part, as consideration to complete our Business Combination, the remaining proceeds held in the Trust Account may be used as working capital to finance the operations of the post-Business Combination entity, make other acquisitions and pursue our growth strategies.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we had cash of \$31,636 and \$748,857 held outside of the Trust Account, respectively. We intend to use the funds held outside of the Trust Account primarily to identify and evaluate target businesses, perform business due diligence on prospective target businesses, travel to and from the offices, properties, or similar locations of prospective target businesses or their representative or owners, review corporate documents and material agreements of prospective target businesses, and structure, negotiate and complete a Business Combination.

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, our Sponsor or an affiliate of our Sponsor, or our officers and directors may provide us working capital loans ("Working Capital Loans"). On May 3, 2022, the Sponsor confirmed to the Company that it will provide any such Working Capital Loans for at least the next twelve months. On May 5, 2022, the Company drew down and received cash proceeds of \$1,050,000. The outstanding balance under this loan is \$1,278,000 and \$1,050,000 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. If we complete a Business Combination, we may repay such loaned amounts out of the proceeds of the Trust Account released to us. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, we may use a portion of the working capital held outside the Trust Account to repay such loaned amounts, but no proceeds from our Trust Account would be used for such repayment. Up to \$1,050,000 of such loans may be convertible into warrants, at a price of \$1.00 per warrant, at the option of the lender. The warrants would be identical to the Private Placement Warrants.

In connection with the Company's assessment of going concern considerations in accordance with the authoritative guidance in ASU 2014-15, "Disclosures of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern", the Company has until December 13, 2023 (or as extended), to consummate a Business Combination. It is uncertain that the Company will be able to consummate a Business Combination by the specified period. If a Business Combination is not consummated by December 13, 2023 (or as extended) and the Company decides not to extend the period of time to consummate a Business Combination, there will be a mandatory liquidation and subsequent dissolution.

The Company's evaluation of its working capital, along with, the liquidity condition and date for mandatory liquidation and subsequent dissolution raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern one year from the date that these condensed financial statements are issued. These condensed financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recovery of the recorded assets or the classification of the liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

#### **Related Party Transactions**

## Founder Shares

On February 2, 2021, the Company issued an aggregate of 7,187,000 shares of Class B ordinary shares (the "Founder Shares") to the Sponsor for an aggregate purchase price of \$25,000. On August 20, 2021 and September 9, 2021, the Sponsor effected a surrender of 1,287,000 Class B ordinary shares and 150,000 Class B ordinary shares, respectively, to the Company for no consideration, resulting in a decrease in the total number of Class B ordinary shares outstanding from 7,187,000 to 5,750,000. The Founder Shares included an aggregate of up to 750,000 shares subject to forfeiture by the Sponsor to the extent that the underwriter's over-allotment is not exercised in full or in part. The underwriter's over-allotment option was exercised in full on October 13, 2021, and these shares are no longer subject to forfeiture.

The Sponsor has agreed not to transfer, assign or sell any of its Founder Shares until two years after the completion of a Business Combination.

## Promissory Note - Related Party

On February 18, 2021, the Sponsor agreed to loan the Company an aggregate of up to \$300,000 to cover expenses related to the Proposed Offering pursuant to a promissory note (the "Note"). On March 25, 2021, the Company borrowed \$300,000 on the Note to cover expenses related to the Proposed Offering. On September 7, 2021, the Sponsor and the Company agreed to amend and restate the Note (the "Amended and Restated Note") to extend the maturity date. The Amended and Restated Note was non-interest bearing and was paid in full on October 26, 2021.

## Related Party Loans

In order to finance transaction costs in connection with a Business Combination, the Sponsor, an affiliate of the Sponsor, or the Company's officers and directors may, but are not obligated to, loan the Company funds as may be required (the "Working Capital Loans"). Such Working Capital Loans would be evidenced by promissory notes. The notes would either be repaid upon consummation of a Business Combination, without interest, or, at the lender's discretion, up to \$1,050,000 of notes may be converted upon consummation of a Business Combination into warrants at a price of \$1.00 per warrant. The warrants will be identical to the Private Placement Warrants. In the event that a Business Combination does not close, the Company may use a portion of proceeds held outside the Trust Account to repay the Working Capital Loans but no proceeds held in the Trust Account would be used to repay the Working Capital Loans.

On May 3, 2022, the Company entered into a promissory note with the Sponsor pursuant to which the Sponsor agreed to loan the Company up to an aggregate amount of \$1,050,000 which the Company drew down in full on May 5, 2022. This note is non-interest bearing and is due on the earlier of the day by which the Company must complete a Business Combination, and the effective date of a Business Combination. The outstanding balance under this loan amounted to \$1,278,000 and \$1,050,000 as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. Management determined that there was an embedded conversion feature related to the note that would require bifurcation and be classified as a liability. However, based on a third-party valuation, the amount was determined to be deminimis.

#### **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements; Commitments and Contractual Obligations**

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K and did not have any commitments or contractual obligations other than obligations disclosed herein.

## **Contractual Obligations**

## Registration and Shareholders Rights

The holders of the Founder Shares, Private Placement Warrants and any warrants that may be issued upon conversion of the Working Capital Loans (and in each case holders of their component securities, as applicable) will be entitled to registration rights pursuant to a registration rights agreement signed simultaneously with the Initial Public Offering, requiring the Company to register such securities for resale (in the case of the Founder Shares, only after conversion to our Class A ordinary shares). The holders of the majority of these securities are entitled to make up to three demands, excluding short form demands, that the Company register such securities. In addition, the holders have certain "piggy-back" registration rights with respect to registration statements filed subsequent to the consummation of a Business Combination and rights to require the Company to register for resale such securities pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act. The Company will bear the expenses incurred in connection with the filing of any such registration statements.

## Underwriting Agreement

The underwriter is entitled to a deferred fee of \$0.35 per Unit, or \$7,780,500 in the aggregate, and a discretionary deferred fee of \$2,000,000. The deferred fee will become payable to the underwriter from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completes a Business Combination, subject to the terms of the underwriting agreement.



Effective as of September 1, 2023, the underwriters from the Initial Public Offering resigned and withdrew from their role in the Business Combination and thereby waived their entitlement to the deferred underwriting commissions in the amount of \$9,780,500, which the Company has recorded as a gain on settlement of underwriter fees on the condensed statement of changes in shareholders' deficit for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023 for \$9,223,757, which represents the original amount recorded to accumulated deficit, and the remaining balance representing the original amount recorded to the condensed statement of operations of \$556,743 was recorded for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2023.

#### Softbank and Sponsor Investors Investment

A fund managed by SB Management Limited, a 100% directly owned subsidiary of SoftBank Group Corp., and certain members of our sponsor, in the aggregate, have purchased \$100.0 million units (or 10,000,000 units) and \$7.7 million units (or 770,000 units), respectively, in the Initial Public Offering. The underwriter is entitled to an underwriting discount of \$0.35 per unit for every unit purchased by Softbank, the payment of which has been deferred and will become payable to the underwriter from the amounts held in the Trust Account solely in the event that the Company completes a Business Combination. The underwriter has not received any underwritten discount for any unit purchased by the sponsor investors.

## **Critical Accounting Estimates**

The preparation of condensed financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed financial statements, and income and expenses during the periods reported. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

#### Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company accounts for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant's specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in ASC 480, and ASC 815. The assessment considers whether the warrants are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the warrants meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the warrants are indexed to the Company's own ordinary shares, among other conditions for equity classification. This assessment, which requires the use of professional judgment, is conducted at the time of warrant issuance and as of each subsequent quarterly period end date while the warrants are outstanding. For issued or modified warrants that meet all of the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded as a component of additional paid-in capital at the time of issuance.

For issued or modified warrants that do not meet all the criteria for equity classification, the warrants are required to be recorded at their initial fair value on the date of issuance, and each balance sheet date thereafter. Changes in the estimated fair value of the warrants are recognized as a non-cash gain or loss on the statements of operations. The fair value of the warrants was estimated using a Monte Carlo simulation model. The more significant estimates made by management in these fair value determinations are around the inputs used in the fair value model, with volatility being the most judgmental of those inputs. A 1% increase in volatility input would increase the Company's warrant liability by approximately \$1,700,000.

#### **Recent Accounting Standards**

"In August 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update 2020-06, Debt — Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging — Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40)," to simplify accounting for certain financial instruments. ASU 2020-06 eliminates the current models that require separation of beneficial conversion and cash conversion features from convertible instruments and simplifies the derivative scope exception guidance pertaining to equity classification of contracts in an entity's own equity. The new standard also introduces additional disclosures for convertible debt and freestanding instruments that are indexed to and settled in an entity's own equity. ASU 2020-06 amends the diluted earnings per share guidance, including the requirement to use the if-converted method for all convertible instruments. ASU 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on its financial statements.

Management does not believe that any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards, if currently adopted, would have a material effect on our condensed financial statements.

## **Emerging Growth Company**

We are an "emerging growth company," as defined in Section 2(a) of the Securities Act, as modified by the Jumpstart Our Business Startups Act of 2012 (the "JOBS Act"), and it may take advantage of certain exemptions from various reporting requirements that are applicable to other public companies that are not emerging growth companies including, but not limited to, not being required to comply with the independent registered public accounting firm attestation requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, reduced disclosure obligations regarding executive compensation in its periodic reports and proxy statements, and exemptions from the requirements of holding a nonbinding advisory vote on executive compensation and shareholder approval of any golden parachute payments not previously approved.

Further, Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act exempts emerging growth companies from being required to comply with new or revised financial accounting standards until private companies (that is, those that have not had a Securities Act registration statement declared effective or do not have a class of securities registered under the Exchange Act) are required to comply with the new or revised financial accounting standards. The JOBS Act provides that a company can elect to opt out of the extended transition period and comply with the requirements that apply to non-emerging growth companies but any such election to opt out is irrevocable. The Company has elected not to opt out of such extended transition period, which means that when a standard is issued or revised and it has different application dates for public or private companies, we, as an emerging growth company, can adopt the new or revised standard at the time private companies adopt the new or revised standard. This may make comparison of our financial statements with another public company, which is neither an emerging growth company nor an emerging growth company which has opted out of using the extended transition period difficult or impossible because of the potential differences in accounting standards used.

## ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The net proceeds of our Initial Public Offering and the Private Placement held in the Trust Account are invested in U.S. government securities with a maturity of 185 days or less or in money market funds meeting certain conditions under Rule 2a-7 under the Investment Company Act which invest only in direct U.S. government treasury obligations. Due to the short-term nature of these investments, we believe there will be no associated material exposure to interest rate risk.

## ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

#### Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and General Counsel, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

As required by Rules 13a-15f and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer and General Counsel carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2023. Based upon their evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and General Counsel concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e) under the Exchange Act) were not effective, due solely to a material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting related to the warrant valuation and the recording of interest income earned on the Trust Account. As a result, we performed additional analysis as deemed necessary to ensure that our financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP. Accordingly, management believes that the financial statements included in this Quarterly Report present fairly in all material respects our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

We do not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all errors and all instances of fraud. Disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the disclosure controls and procedures are met. Further, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all disclosure controls and procedures, no evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures can provide absolute assurance that we have detected all our control deficiencies and instances of fraud, if any. The design of disclosure controls and procedures also is based partly on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions.

## Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, there has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

None.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

Factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those in this report include the risk factors described in our registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-254820) filed in connection with our IPO and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. Any of these factors could result in a significant or material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

Additional risk factors not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business or results of operations. As of the date of this Report, there have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed in our annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022. However, we may disclose changes to such factors or disclose additional factors from time to time in our future filings with the SEC.

## ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES, USE OF PROCEEDS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES.

None.

## ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.

None.

## ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.

Not applicable.

## ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.

None.

# ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as part of, or incorporated by reference into, this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Exhibit	
No.	Description
31*	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15(d)-14(a), as adopted
	Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32**	Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the
	Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

\* Filed herewith\*\* Furnished.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

	Learn CW Investment Corporation
Date: December 1, 2023	By: /s/ Robert Hutter Robert Hutter Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive, Financial and Accounting Officer)
	Learn CW Investment Corporation
Date: December 1, 2023	By: /s/ Adam Fisher Adam Fisher President
	31

## CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) AND RULE 15D-14(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

I, Robert Hutter, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Learn CW Investment Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
- a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation;
- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 1, 2023

By: /s/ Robert Hutter

Robert Hutter Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)

## CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Learn CW Investment Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), I, Robert Hutter, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as added by §906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: December 1, 2023

By: /s/ Robert Hutter

Robert Hutter Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer)